BMW X4 (DATE 11/2024)

Il BMW Group s'impegna a rispettare i principi fondamentali della sostenibilità e adotta in modo proattivo misure atte a evitare determinate sostanze chimiche nella produzione di veicoli. Nei prodotti sono pertanto contenute solo le sostanze che sono indispensabili per ragioni tecniche. Tali sostanze sono impiegate incorporandole nei materiali, di modo che, previo un utilizzo conforme alla destinazione, la loro possibile emissione sia ridotta al minimo. È quindi possibile escludere con ogni probabilità un rischio per l'uomo e l'ambiente. Ciò presuppone che il veicolo e i suoi pezzi siano impiegati conformemente alla loro destinazione e alle istruzioni per l'uso e che le operazioni di manutenzione e riparazione siano eseguite da personale specializzato rispettando le specifiche tecniche e conformemente alle norme applicabili. La manipolazione sicura del prodotto è spiegata nelle sue istruzioni per l'uso. Tali istruzioni corrispondono alla nostra aspirazione di promuovere una fabbricazione, una lavorazione e un impiego responsabili dei nostri prodotti. Le nostre istruzioni e informazioni riguardanti la riparazione e la manutenzione e i pezzi di ricambio originali BMW contengono inoltre istruzioni per la sicurezza che il personale addetto all'assistenza è tenuto a rispettare. Conformemente ai requisiti di legge dell'Unione Europea, un veicolo fuori uso può essere smaltito esclusivamente in un'azienda autorizzata al riciclaggio e recupero di veicoli fuori uso. I pezzi dei veicoli vanno smaltiti conformemente alle leggi localmente in vigore e alle autorità locali competenti.

Comunicazione di informazioni conformemente all'articolo 33 REACH

Questo veicolo è composto di prodotti definiti dall'articolo 3(3) del Regolamento n° 1907/2006 del Parlamento Europeo e del Consiglio riguardante la registrazione, valutazione, autorizzazione e restrizione di sostanze chimiche (REACH). Ai sensi dell'articolo 33, ogni fornitore ha l'obbligo di comunicare informazioni sulle sostanze presenti nei prodotti. Questo veicolo, compresi tutti i prodotti che lo compongono, contiene sostanze che soddisfano i criteri dell'articolo 57 e che ai sensi dell'articolo 59(1) sono state identificate in una concentrazione superiore allo 0,1 percento in peso. Vi informiamo che il piombo (n° CAS 7439-92-1) è usato in quasi tutte le categorie di prodotti, principalmente come elemento di lega. Inoltre il piombo può essere contenuto in sostanze metalliche riciclate.

Name of substance meeting the criteria in Article 57 and identified in accordance with Article 59(1) in a concentration above 0.1% weight by weight (Typical use according to the REACH Annex XV Dossier)	Location of article containing the substance in the product (Detailed, including optional equipment)
1,2-Dimethoxyethane, ethylene glycol dimethyl ether, EGDME (typically as process solvent and for surface treatment)	Drive Assistance (Radio-controlled locking system) Entertainment and Navigation (Anti-theft device) Wheels and tires (Car wheels)
1,3-Propanesultone (typically as electrolyte in batteries)	Wheels and tires (Car wheels)
6,6'-Di-tert-butyl-2,2'-methylenedi-p-cresol (typically for production of polymers and rubbers)	Body (Boot lid latch, locks and fittings, Window mechanism with electrical control in rear door) Electronic (Control units, moduls) Entertainment and Navigation (Anti-theft device) Interieur (Front seats) Powertrain (Transfer box)
2-Methyl-1-(4-methylthiophenyl)-2-morpholinopropan-1-one (typically used in coatings, paints and fillers)	Chassis (Steering column) Electronic (Cable harness, Control units, moduls, Switch, sensor) Entertainment and Navigation (Antenna, Radio, amplifier, CD-player, Video and tv-sets) Powertrain (Exhaust gas recirculation, Thermostat and engine mounted cooling lines)
2-Methylimidazole (typically as hardener in epoxy resins and for production of adhesives)	Powertrain (Exhaust pipe with catalyst or complete system, DPF)
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol (typically for production of polymers and resins)	Body (Airbags) Communication (Off-hands mobile communication) Electronic (Switch, sensor) Entertainment and Navigation (Radio, amplifier, CD-player)
Bis(α,α-dimethylbenzyl) peroxide (typically used for production of polymers and as a processing aid and cross-linker in polymers)	Body (Air guides, Boot lid latch, locks and fittings) Chassis (Brake control (Hydraulic system), Front axle suspension, Pedals, Rear axle differential, Rear wheel brakes, Steering column) Heating and air conditioning (Air conditioner) Powertrain (Coolant pump with drive, Engine suspension, Exhaust gas recirculation, Exhaust pipe with catalyst or complete system, DPF, Exhaust suspension, Expansion tank, Oil pump with strainer and drive, Selective catalytic reduction technology, Starter with mount, Supercharging contrivance with regulation, Thermostat and engine mounted cooling lines, Vacuum pump) Powertrain/Chassis (Board equipment)
Diazene-1,2-dicarboxamide, ADCA (typically as blowing agent in plastic and rubber manufacturing)	Body (Bodyshell, Colours, paints and basic material, Sealings)
Lead monoxide, lead oxide (typically as constituent of electronic components)	Body (Air guides) Chassis (Anti-block system, Brake boosters, Steering column) Communication (Off-hands mobile communication) Drive Assistance (Adaptive cruise control, Distance warning systems, Heading control) Electronic (Control units, moduls, Front lamp cluster, Instrument cluster, Switch, sensor) Entertainment and Navigation (Antenna, Radio, amplifier, CD-player, Video and tv-sets) Heating and air conditioning (Heater with control, seat heating) Interieur (Front seats) Powertrain (Alternator with drive and mountings, Automatic transmission, Carbon canister ventilation, Coolant pump with drive, Electronic switching or control devices, Exhaust gas recirculation, Fuel tank with filler pipe, Injection control unit, Selective catalytic reduction technology, Sensor for injection control unit, Thermostat and engine mounted cooling lines, Variable valve train, Ventilation, evaporation emission control)
Silicic acid, lead salt (typically for production of glass and ceramics)	Electronic (Head-up Display)
Diboron trioxide (typically for production of borosilicate and crystal glass)	Body (Air guides) Chassis (Anti-block system) Communication (Off-hands mobile communication) Drive Assistance (Adaptive cruise control) Electronic (Control units, moduls, Front lamp cluster, Instrument cluster, Switch, sensor) Heating and air conditioning (Air conditioner, Heater with control, seat heating) Interieur (Front seats, Mirrors, sun visors, ashtrays, trays) Powertrain (Coolant pump with drive, Exhaust gas recirculation, Fuel tank with filler pipe, Injection control unit, Variable valve train)
Boric acid (typically for production of glass and ceramics and as flame retardant)	Body (Boot lid latch, locks and fittings) Electronic (Windshield-washer unit) Powertrain (Starter with mount)
Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (typically as feedstock for the production of silicone polymers)	Drive Assistance (Radio-controlled locking system) Powertrain (Oil cooler lines, Oil filter and lines, Supercharging contrivance with regulation) Wheels and tires (Car wheels)
Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane (typically as feedstock for the production of silicone polymers)	Powertrain (Coolant pump with drive, Exhaust gas recirculation) Wheels and tires (Car wheels)
Imidazolidine-2-thione (typically for production of polymers and rubbers)	Body (Boot lid latch, locks and fittings) Chassis (Brake control (Hydraulic system), Front axle suspension, Front wheel brakes) Powertrain (Carbon canister ventilation, Propeller shaft, rear)
N,N-Dimethylacetamide (typically as process solvent in polymer production)	Electronic (Side lamps, reflectors)
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane (typically as feedstock for the production of silicone polymers)	Body (Safety belts) Chassis (Steering column) Drive Assistance (Radio-controlled locking system) Heating and air conditioning (Heater with control, seat heating) Powertrain (Selective catalytic reduction technology)
Benzene-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid 1,2 anhydride (typically as plasticizer for production of polymers)	Body (Windshield and rear window)
Tris(4-nonylphenyl, branched and linear) phosphite, TNPP (typically for production of polymers and rubbers)	Powertrain (Propeller shaft, rear)
2,2',6,6'-tetrabromo-4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol (typically as flame retardant and as additive in plastics and resins)	Body (Bumper rear, Door locks, grab handles and front fittings, Door locks, grab handles and rear fittings, Window mechanism with electrical control in front door, Window mechanism with electrical control in rear door) Chassis (Self-levelling elements for hydropneumatic system, Steering column) Communication (Off-hands mobile communication) Drive Assistance (Adaptive cruise control) Electronic (Control units, moduls, Head-up Display, Inner lights, Instrument cluster, Switch, sensor) Entertainment and Navigation (Airbag-releasing device, Antenna, Radio, amplifier, CD-player) Heating and air conditioning (Auxiliary heater with control elements) Interieur (Front seats, Mirrors, sun visors, ashtrays, trays, Sliding roof) Powertrain (Automatic transmission, Exhaust gas recirculation, Exhaust pipe with catalyst or complete system, DPF, Intake manifold, Sensor for injection control unit, Supercharging contrivance with regulation, Switch and relays)
Aluminosilicate Refractory Ceramic Fibres (typically for heat insulation)	Heating and air conditioning (Auxiliary heater with control elements)
Melamine (typically used in coatings, inks, resins and polymers)	Electronic (Cable harness) Interieur (Front door trim panel with armrests, Mirrors, sun visors, ashtrays, trays) Powertrain (Housing cover) Wheels and tires (Car wheels)
Cobalt(II) sulphate (typically for surface treatment)	Entertainment and Navigation (Video and tv-sets)
Bumetrizole (typically as plasticizer for production of polymers and paints)	Body (Loose car body components, Window mechanism with electrical control in front door, Window mechanism with electrical control in rear door) Chassis (Brake control (Hydraulic system)) Electronic (Auxiliary cable, Plug-connection cable, clamp) Entertainment and Navigation (Central display and control unit)
Bis(4-chlorphenyl)sulfone (typically for production of polymers and rubbers)	Powertrain (Exhaust gas recirculation)
2-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenol (typically as dispersing agent in coatings, adhesives, sealants, printing inks, fillers)	Body (Bumper front, Bumper rear) Chassis (Steering column) Communication (Off-hands mobile communication) Electronic (Brake lights, Front lamp cluster, Inner lights, Rear light cluster, Switch, sensor) Entertainment and Navigation (Radio, amplifier, CD-player) Heating and air conditioning (Heater with control, seat heating, Nozzles, flow-out organs) Interieur (Front door trim panel with armrests, Instrument panel, Rear door trim panel with armrests)
2-benzyl-2-dimethylamino-4'-morpholinobutyrophenone (typically for adhesives, sealants, coatings and inks)	Electronic (Switch, sensor) Entertainment and Navigation (Radio, amplifier, CD-player) Powertrain (Thermostat and engine mounted cooling lines)
Bis(2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethyl)ether, tetraglyme (typically as process solvent)	Electronic (Horn)
Dioctyltin dilaurate (typically for production of polymers, coating products, adhesives and sealants)	Powertrain (Automatic transmission)
S-(Tricyclo(5.2.1.0'2,6)deca-3-en-8(or 9)-yl O-(isopropyl or isobutyl or 2-ethylhexyl) O-(isopropyl or isobutyl or 2-ethylhexyl) phosphorodithioate (typically used in lubricants)	Powertrain (Vacuum pump)

Le informazioni su materiale e contenuto delle sostanze fornite nel presente documento si basano sulle nostre conoscenze e in particolare sui dati provenienti dai nostri fornitori.
Informazione addizionale: determinati ossidi inorganici sono incorporati in strutture di vetro o ceramica che modificano le loro proprietà individuali di sostanza e i loro obblighi di comunicazione previsti da REACH. Una situazione simile può verificarsi per determinati precursori che sono legati in polimeri.